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On 7/24/03

By: Dusie Kapekivis

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:

Michael I. Watkins and Richard B.
Edwards

Application No.: 09/905,338

Filed: July 13, 2001

For: MULTIPLEX FLOW ASSAYS
PREFERABLY WITH MAGNETIC
PARTICLES AS SOLID PHASE

Examiner: Stucker

Art Unit: 1648

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.131

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

MICHAEL I. WATKINS and RICHARD B. EDWARDS declare and state:

1. We are the inventors of the invention claimed in claims 21-29 and 50-58 of this Application.
2. The attached exhibit A is a photocopy of laboratory notebook entries and other materials describing experimental work that was carried out in the United States, a NAFTA country or a WTO country.
3. The experimental work described in Exhibit A was conducted prior to September 25, 1997.

4. The experimental work described in the attached Exhibit A was carried out by one or both of us, or by a person acting under the supervision of one or both of us.
5. The experimental work described in the attached Exhibit A corresponds to Examples 1 and 3 of this Application, and shows an experiment in which a plurality of types of magnetic beads was used to detect multiple analytes in a sample using flow cytometry.
6. As shown in Exhibit A, three types of beads were utilized - two sizes of SPHERO™ Carboxyl magnetic particles and one type of SINTEF™ magnetic particles. The three types of beads were differentiable from one another by particle size subrange. Each group of beads was combined with a different antigen.
7. As shown in Exhibit A and described in this patent application, the three types of beads were:

SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic particles, from Spherotech, Inc.,
Libertyville, Illinois, USA -- poly(styrene/acrylic acid particles),
4.35 micrometers (μm) in diameter, density 1.17 g/cc, containing
12% magnetite (by weight)

SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic particles, from Spherotech, Inc.,
Libertyville, Illinois, USA -- poly(styrene/acrylic acid particles),
3.18 μm in diameter, density 1.17 g/cc, containing 12% magnetite
(by weight)

SINTEF Applied Chemistry, Trondheim, Norway --
poly(styrene/divinylbenzene) particles, 10 μm in diameter, density
1.23 g/cc, containing 17.9% magnetite/maghemite (by weight)

8. As shown in Exhibit A, pp. 1, 3 and 5, the particles were coupled to CMV, HSV2 and RUB antigens, respectively. Pages 2, 4 and 6 describe the beads. As shown in Exhibit A, pp. 7 and 8, the particles were then mixed and contacted with patient samples having known quantities of CMV, HSV2 and RUB antigens, including combinations of such

antigens, and were subjected to flow cytometry. The results are shown in the table on p. 7 of Exhibit A and below in Table II, demonstrating that multiple analytes could be detected using the magnetic particles described, in a flow cytometric immunoassay. Page 8 of Exhibit A

9. More specifically, the experimental procedure shown in the attached Exhibit A was as follows:

TABLE I
Amounts Used

Bead	Viral Antigen	Amount of Beads	Weight of Viral Antigen	Volume of Viral Antigen	Volume of Phosphate Buffer (100 mM)
4.35 μm	CMV	10 mg	225.8 μg	322.6 μL	677.4 μL
3.18 μm	HSV2	5 mg	163.0 μg	815.0 μL	185.0 μL
10 μm	RUB	5 mg	5.2 μg	104.0 μL	896.0 μL

The beads in each case were placed in test tubes and washed multiple times with 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 6.8. The washed beads were then suspended in the volume of phosphate buffer listed in Table I, and respective antigen solution was added (CMV antigen from Chemicon International Incorporated, Temecula, California, USA; HSV2 antigen from Ross Southern Labs, Salt Lake City, Utah, USA; and RUB antigen from Viral Antigens, Memphis, Tennessee, USA) in the amount listed in Table 1. The test tubes were then rotated in end-over-end fashion overnight at room temperature. The tubes were then placed on a magnetic separator and the supernatant was drawn off and discarded. The resulting beads were washed with a wash buffer consisting of 50 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, 0.01% Tween 20, 1% bovine serum albumin, 0.1% sodium azide, 150 mM sodium chloride, then again subjected to magnetic separation, and suspended in a storage buffer consisting of 50 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, 5% glycerol, 1% bovine serum albumin, 0.1% sodium azide, 150 mM sodium chloride.

Procedure:

1. 100 µL each of five of patient samples (diluted 1:10 in wash buffer), of known CMV, HSV2 and RUB antibody status, were added to 12 × 75 mm polypropylene test tubes.
2. To each tube was added 100 µL of a mixture of CMV, HSV2 and RUB antigen-coated particles (described in Example 1) diluted in wash buffer.
3. The tubes were vortexed at ambient temperature for 15 minutes.
4. After vortexing, 800 µL of wash buffer was added to each tube.
5. The tubes were placed in a magnetic separator for 5 minutes and the liquid phase removed.
6. Steps 4 and 5 were repeated, but with 1000 µL of wash buffer.
7. 200 µL of a 1:300 dilution of anti-human IgG-phycerythrin conjugate (Chemicon International Inc., Temecula, California, USA) was added.
8. The tubes were vortexed at ambient temperature for 15 minutes.
9. After this time, the samples were injected into a flow cytometer (Bryte HS, Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Hercules, California, USA) equipped with a xenon arc lamp.

The results are summarized in Table II below. The data show that the positive samples had increased fluorescence relative to the negative samples. Testing of samples containing only RUB shows that essentially the same results are obtained for a particular sample whether it is assayed with only one particle size directed towards a single analyte (RUB) or with particles of different sizes, each size being directed towards a different analyte.

TABLE II
Test Results

Sample	Antibody Status			Relative Linear Fluorescence Units		
	CMV	HSV2	RUB	CMV	HSV2	RUB
CN6	+	-	+	14	7	155
CN8	+	-	+	16	6	181
CN12	-	-	+	5	7	240
CN15	-	-	+	5	6	329
23	-	+	-	5	45	43

We further declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the patent to which this verified states is directed.

Michael I. Watkins

Michael I. Watkins

Date: 6/9/03

Richard B. Edwards

Date: _____

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Two Embarcadero Center, 8th Floor
San Francisco, California 94111-3834
Tel: (415) 576-0200
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JA:ja

TABLE II

Test Results

Sample	Antibody Status			Relative Linear Fluorescence Units		
	CMV	HSV2	RUB	CMV	HSV2	RUB
CN6	+	-	+	14	7	155
CN8	+	-	+	16	6	181
CN12	-	-	+	5	7	240
CN15	-	-	+	5	6	329
23	-	+	-	5	45	43

We further declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the patent to which this verified states is directed.

Michael I. Watkins

Michael I. Watkins

Date: 6/9/03

Richard B. Edwards

Richard B. Edwards

Date: 7/11/03

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Adsorption of CMV Antigen to Magnetic Beads (cont.)

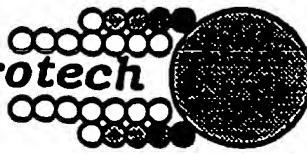
Purpose: To adsorb ~~different~~ Chemicon CMV antigen to magnetic beads.

Procedure

<u>Tube</u>	<u>Bead</u>	<u>Ant Beads</u>	<u>Vol. Beads</u>	<u>Vol. CMV ($\frac{70\mu\text{g}}{\text{ml}}$)</u>	<u>100mM Vol. PB</u>
A	Spherotech 4.35 μm	10 mg	400 μl	322.6 μl	677.4 μl
B	Bangs 9803CN	2 mg	20 μl	283.0 μl	717 μl
C	Bangs 9500CN	2 mg	20 μl	199.0 μl	801 μl

- ① Add appropriate beads to a labeled 12 x 75 mm polypropylene tube.
- ② Wash bead 3 x 1 ml with 100 mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 by adding 1 ml buffer, vortexing and placing tube in Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ③ Suspend beads in the volume of 100 mM phosphate buffer indicated above table.
- ④ Add the volume of CMV antigen specified in the table to the appropriate tube.
- ⑤ Place the capped tubes on an end-over-end rotator @ RT.
- ⑥ The next day place the tubes on a magnetic separator for 3 minutes. Pipet off & discard supernatent.
- ⑦ Wash 4 x 1 ml w/ wash buffer by adding 1 ml of wash buffer, vortexing and placing tubes in a Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ⑧ In a similar manner wash 2 x 1 ml w/ storage buffer.
- ⑨ Suspend the beads in 1 ml of storage buffer and store @ 4°C.

Spherotech



Inc.

1840 Industrial Dr. Suite 270
Libertyville, Illinois 60048
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TECHNICAL DATA

PRODUCT: SPHEROTM Carboxyl Magnetic Particles, 4.0-4.5 μm
(U. S. Patent No. 5,091,206)

CAT. NO.: CM-40-10

LOT NO.: 101

$$\text{Density} = 1.22 - 1.25 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{cc}}$$

SIZE: 10 ml

$$\% \text{ magnetite} = 12\%$$

PARTICLE CONC.: 2.5% w/v

$$\# \text{ part./ml} = \frac{6W \times 10^{12}}{\rho \pi \phi^3} \quad w = \text{grams/ml (soln)}$$

PRESERVATIVE: 0.05% Sodium Azide*

$$\phi = \text{diameter } (\mu\text{m})$$

STORAGE: Room Temperature

$$\rho = \text{density (g/ml)}$$

CAUTION: Do not freeze.

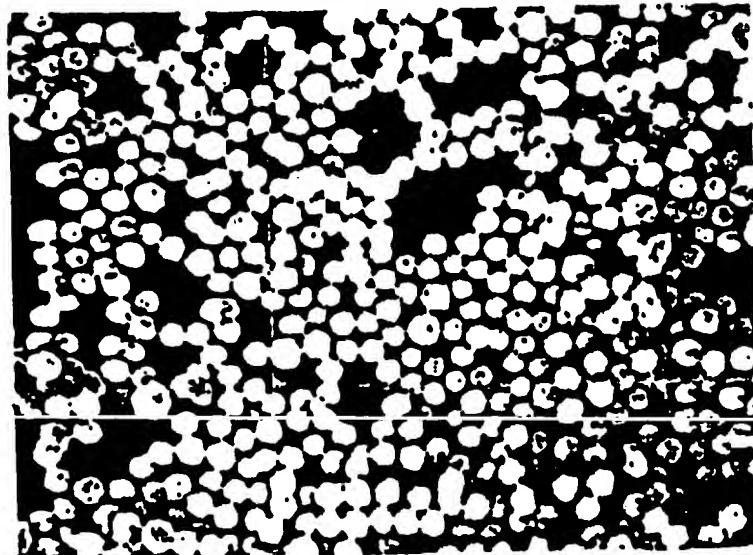
$$= \frac{(6)(0.025)(10^{-2})}{(1.235)(\pi)(4.35)^3}$$

NOTE:

To achieve optimum particle suspension, resuspend by vortexing before use.

SEM ANALYSIS:

Magnification: 1000X. Mean Diameter: 4.35 μm



***WARNING:** Sodium Azide can react with Cu and Pb in plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Flush this reagent down drains with copious amounts of water.

NOTE: FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC USE.

Absorption of HSV Antigen To 3.18 μ m Spherotech Beads

Purpose: To adsorb Ross Southern Labs HSV antigen To 3.18 μ m magnetic beads from Spherotech.

Procedure

- ① Add 200 μ l (5mg, 2.5%) of Spherotech 3.18 μ m beads to a 12x75 mm polypropylene tube.
- ② Wash beads 3x1ml with 100mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 by adding 1ml buffer, vortexing, placing tube in Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes and pipetting off supernatent.
- ③ Suspend bead in 185 μ l of 100 mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8.
- ④ Add 815 μ l of HSV antigen (Ross Southern Labs).
- ⑤ Cap the tube and place on a end-over-end rotator GN @ RT.
- ⑥ The next day place the tube on a magnetic separator for 3 minutes. Pipet off & discard supernatent.
- ⑦ Wash 4x1ml w/wash buffer by adding 1ml of wash buffer, vortexing and placing tube in a Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ⑧ In a similar manner, wash 2x1ml w/storage buffer
- ⑨ Suspend the beads in 1ml of storage buffer and store at 4°C.



Inc.

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TECHNICAL DATA

PRODUCT: SPHEROTM Carboxyl Magnetic Particles, 3.0-3.9 μm
(U. S. Patent No. 5,091,206)

CAT. NO.: CM-30-10

LOT NO.: 101

SIZE: 10 ml

PARTICLE CONC.: 2.5% w/v

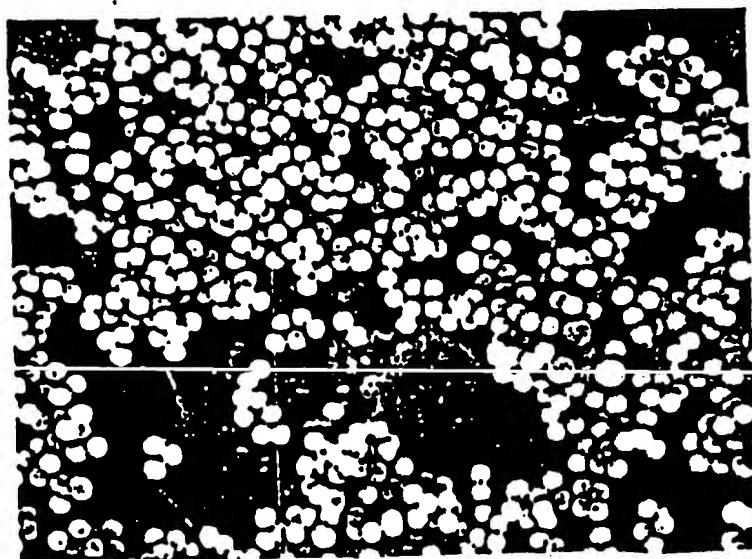
PRESERVATIVE: 0.05% Sodium Azide*

STORAGE: Room Temperature

CAUTION: Do not freeze.

NOTE: To achieve optimum particle suspension, resuspend by vortexing before use.

SEM ANALYSIS: Magnification: 1000X. Mean Diameter: 3.18 μm



***WARNING:** Sodium Azide can react with Cu and Pb in plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Flush this reagent down drains with copious amounts of water.

NOTE. FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC USE.

Title: Adsorption of Rubella To 10 μ M Magnetic Sintex Beads

Date: _____

Purpose: To adsorb Rubella antigen at two different concentrations to 10 μ m magnetic Sintex beads.

Procedure

<u>Tube</u>	<u>Vol. Rubella Antigen</u>	<u>Vol. 100 mM PBS pH 6.8</u>
A	104 μ L (5.2 μ g)	896 μ L
B	10.4 μ L (0.52 μ g)	989.6 μ L

- ① Wash 5 mg beads in tubes A & B, 3x1ml of 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 6.8 using magnetic separator (3 minutes).
- ② Suspend pellet in specified volume of phosphate buffer (see table).
- ③ Add volume of rubella antigen specified in table.
- ④ Place on end-over-end rotator 5/N @ RT.
- ⑤ Place on magnetic separator 3 minutes, discard supernatant.
- ⑥ Wash 4x1ml with wash buffer using 3 min. of magnetic separation.
- ⑦ Wash 2x1ml with storage buffer again using 3 min. of magnetic separation.
- ⑧ Suspend in 1ml of storage buffer.



Bio-Rad Labs
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Hercules, CA 94547
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SINTEF Applied Chemistry

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Telephone:
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Enterprise No.:
NO 948 007 029 MVA

At: Dr. Mike Watkins

Your ref.:

Our ref.:

Direct line:
+4773592815

Trondheim,

MAGNETIC MICROSPHERES

Dear Dr. Watkins,

Please find enclosed 50mg of uncoated magnetic particles with the following specifications:

R-509: 10µm porous, superparamagnetic particles
surface area: 89m²/g
iron content: 17.9% Fe/g particles
(in the form of magnetite Fe₃O₄ and/or maghemite γ-Fe₂O₃)
magnetic susceptibility: 12·10⁻³ cgsse

Density < 1.23 g/ml
particles/ml =

$$\text{surface area (smooth)} = \frac{6}{(10)(1.23)} = 4.88 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{mg}}$$

We have several types of coated particles based on these uncoated beads, where the coating both serves as pore filler (→ compact, smooth surface) and as supplier for functional groups for ligand coupling. We can also design new coatings specially for your purpose. Shortly told, we can vary the surface area and the pore sizes, the surface chemistry, the Fe-content (→ the magnetic susceptibility) and the size.

Please use always our particle number R-509 in your further correspondence concerning these particles.

We are looking forward to hear about your experiences with these magnetic beads.

Yours sincerely
SINTEF Applied Chemistry

Ruth Schmid
Research Scientist

Project No. _____

11.1.1. Slow Multi (CMV+HSV+RUB) vs single (RUB) Assay Bo K No..

From Page No. _____

Purpose: To compare cubella results in a single vs multiaxial (HSV-, CMV, RUB) format.

Observations

- controls CN 6, CN8, CN12, CN15 + 23 were teste with the Gull assay and found to have the following reactivities:

	<u>HSV</u>	<u>CMV</u>	<u>RUB</u>
CN 6	+	-	+
CN 8	+	-	+
CN 12	-	-	+
CN 15	-	-	+
23	-	+	-

the slow results are concistant with these reactivities.

- standard 5 gave a lower signal than standar 4 in both assay formats
- controls were lower than their reported value of 134.9, 14.4, 0.5 IU/ml for HI positive, low positive and negative controls, respectively.

Purpose: To use compare Rubeola in single versus multi assay (i.e. HSV2, CMV and RUB).

Incubate 15 min. on vortexer @ RT
 Add 100 μ L sample (1/10 dilution with diluent)
 add 100 μ L beads

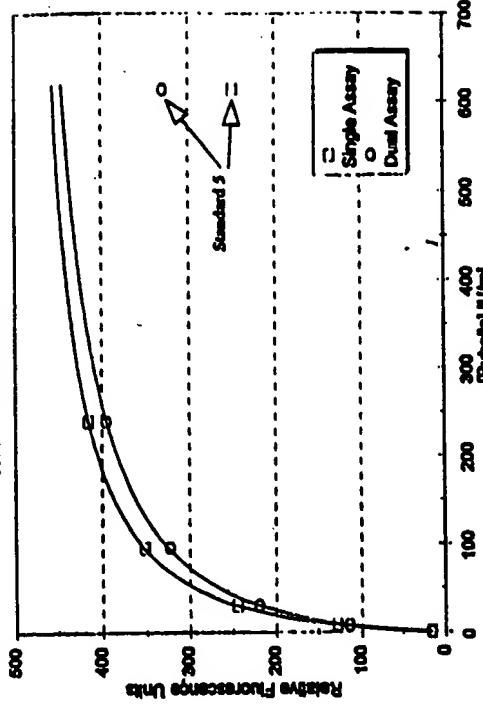
Incubate 15 min. on vortexer @ RT
 Add 750 μ L diluent, place on Coming magnetic separator 5 minutes
 decant and let drain 1 minute on paper towels

Add 1000 μ L diluent, place on Coming magnetic separator 5 minutes
 decant and let drain 1 minute on paper towels

add 200 μ L antihuman IgG-Pe(B) - staggered additions 3 minutes apart

Incubate 15 min. on vortexer @ RT
 Read on Bryte - staggered 3 minutes apart

Sample	HSV			CMV			RUB		
	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts
RUG 0				623	16	163	0.00		
RUG 1				1080	129	188	7.97		
RUG 2				1223	245	228	30.15		
RUG 3				1304	352	115	85.41		
RUG 4				1341	416	217	240.97		
RUG 5				1228	248	172	31.19		
# Pos				1259	288	167	48.79		
Neg				1100	141	188	9.41		
CN 6				704	24	286	0.21		
CN 8				1182	204	209	19.65		
Cn 12				1174	198	189	18.18		
Cn 15				1215	238	229	27.60		
23				1313	387	189	114.44		
				676	51	187	1.51		
RUG 0	5	741	470	8	652	613	16	253	0.00
RUG 1	10	635	478	9	447	1054	114	208	7.38
RUG 2	17	514	572	13	453	1189	220	308	30.55
RUG 3	28	572	698	23	378	1225	323	232	94.28
RUG 4	37	885	785	31	412	1320	398	244	242.36
RUG 5	35	524	831	68	408	1269	529	263	100.88
H P03	17	443	785	38	348	1241	265	180	49.94
Lo P03	6	589	579	14	361	1083	130	211	10.11
Neg	5	494	700	23	442	702	24	298	0.22
CN 8	14	615	427	7	343	1122	155	213	14.31
CN 8	16	514	414	6	397	1188	181	267	19.89
Cn 12	5	535	425	7	385	1219	240	187	38.23
Cn 15	5	511	393	6	408	1289	329	178	100.88
23	5	516	844	45	348	838	43	248	1.21



Page No. 112

Adsorption of CMV antigen to Magnetic Beads Book

From Pg 13 Rev.

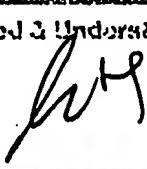
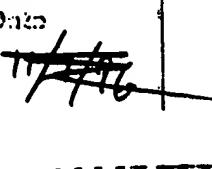
Purpose: To adsorb ~~dilute~~ Chemicon CMV antigen to magnetic beads.

Procedure

<u>Tube</u>	<u>Bead</u>	<u>Amt Beads</u>	<u>Vol. Beads</u>	<u>Vol. CMV ($\frac{70\mu\text{g}}{\text{ml}}$)</u>	<u>100mM Vol. PB_X</u>
A	Spherotech 4.35 μm	10 mg	400 μl	322.6 μl	677.4 μl
B	Bangs 9803CN	2 mg	20 μl	283.0 μl	717 μl
C	Bangs 9500CN	2 mg	20 μl	199.0 μl	801 μl

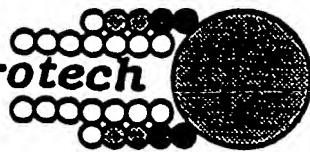
- ① Add appropriate beads to a labeled 12 x 75 mm polypropylene tube.
- ② Wash bead 3 x 1 ml with 100 mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 (~~100mM~~) by adding 1 ml buffer, vortexing and placing tube in Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ③ Suspend beads in the volume of 100 mM phosphate buffer indicated above table.
- ④ Add the volume of CMV antigen specified in the table to the appropriate tube.
- ⑤ Place the capped tubes on an end-over-end rotator @ 1 hr @ RT.
- ⑥ The next day place the tubes on a magnetic separator for 30 minutes. Pipet off & discard supernatant.
- ⑦ Wash 4 x 1 ml w/ wash buffer (~~100mM~~) by adding 1 ml of wash buffer, vortexing and placing tubes in a Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ⑧ In a similar manner wash 2 x 1 ml w/ storage buffer (~~100mM~~).
- ⑨ Suspend the beads in 1 ml of storage buffer and store @ 4°C.

To Page No.

Witnessed & Understood by me,	Date	Invent'd by	Date
		M. Watkins	
		Recorded by	

(1)

Spherotech



Inc.

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~~Sample~~ TECHNICAL DATA

PRODUCT: SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic Particles, 4.0-4.5 μm
(U. S. Patent No. 5,091,206)

CAT. NO.: CM-40-10

LOT NO.: 101

$$\text{Density} = 1.22 - 1.25 \text{ g/cc}$$

SIZE: 10 ml

$$\% \text{ magnetite} = 12\%$$
$$\frac{\text{part.}/\text{mL}}{\rho \pi \frac{d^3}{6}} = \frac{6W \times 10^{12}}{\rho \pi d^3} \quad \begin{array}{l} w = \text{grams/mL (soln)} \\ d = \text{diameter } (\mu\text{m}) \\ \rho = \text{density (g/mL)} \end{array}$$
$$= \frac{(0.025)(10^3)}{(1.235)(\pi)(4.35)^3}$$
$$= 4.70 \times 10^8 \text{ part./mL}$$

PARTICLE CONC.: 2.5% w/v

PRESERVATIVE: 0.05% Sodium Azide*

STORAGE: Room Temperature

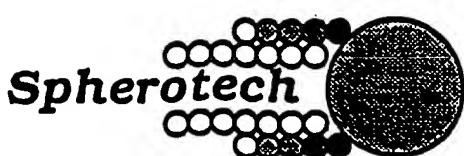
~~Page No. 10~~
Absorption of HSV Antigen To 3.18 μm Spherotech Beads

Preparation

Purpose: To adsorb Ross Southern Labs HSV antigen To 3.18 μm magnetic beads from Spherotech.

Procedure

- ① Add 200 μ l (5mg, 2.5%) of Spherotech 3.18 μ m beads to a 12x75 mm polypropylene tube.
- ② Wash beads 3x1ml with 100mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 (~~6374-76~~) by adding 1ml buffer, vortexing, placing tube in Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes and pipetting off supernatent.
- ③ Suspend bead in 185 μ l of 100 mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 (~~6374-76~~).
- ④ Add 815 μ l of HSV antigen (Ross Southern Labs).
- ⑤ Cap the tube and place on a end-over-end rotator GN @ RT.
- ⑥ The next day place the tube on a magnetic separator for 3 minutes. Pipet off & discard supernatent.
- ⑦ Wash 4x1ml w/wash buffer (~~6374-76~~) by adding 1ml of wash buffer, vortexing and placing tube in a Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ⑧ In a similar manner, wash 2x1ml w/storage buffer (~~6374-76~~).
- ⑨ Suspend the beads in 1ml of storage buffer and store at 4°C.



Inc.

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TECHNICAL DATA

PRODUCT: SPHEROTM Carboxyl Magnetic Particles, 3.0-3.9 μm
(U. S. Patent No. 5,091,206)

CAT. NO.: CM-30-10

LOT NO.: 101

SIZE: 10 ml

PARTICLE CONC.: 2.5% w/v

PRESERVATIVE: 0.05% Sodium Azide*

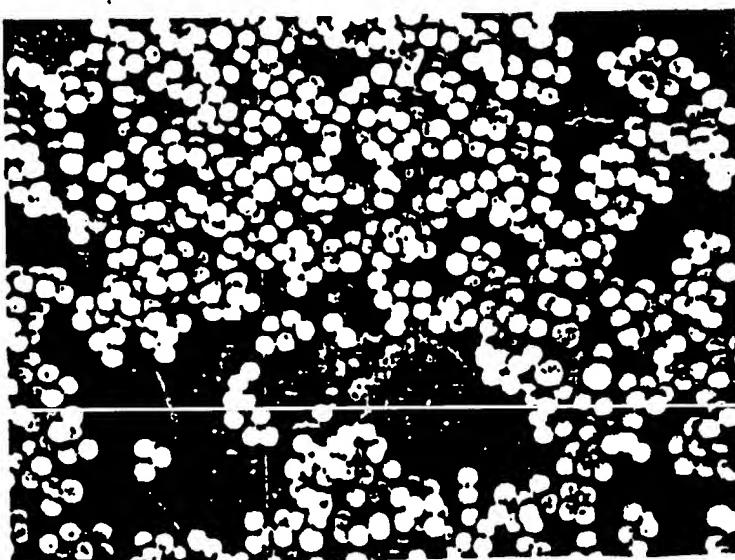
STORAGE: Room Temperature

CAUTION: Do not freeze.

NOTE:

SEM ANALYSIS:

Magnification: 1000X. Mean Diameter: 3.18 μm



***WARNING:** Sodium Azide can react with Cu and Pb in plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Flush this reagent down drains with copious amounts of water.

NOTE: FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC USE.

(4)

To
Adsorption of Rubella to 10 μ m Magnetic Sintex Beads Book No 1255
Project No.

Purpose: To adsorb Rubella antigen at two different concentrations to 10 μ m magnetic Sintex beads.

Procedure

<u>Tube</u>	<u>Vol. Rubella Antigen</u>	<u>Vol. 100 mM PBS pH 6.8</u>
A	104 μ L (5.2 μ g)	896 μ L
B	10.4 μ L (0.52 μ g)	989.6 μ L

- ① Wash 5 mg beads in tubes A & B, 3x 1ml of 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 6.8 using magnetic separator (3 minutes).
- ② Suspend pellet in specified volume of phosphate buffer (see table).
- ③ Add volume of rubella antigen specified in table.
- ④ Place on end-over-end rotator 6/N @ RT.
- ⑤ Place on magnetic separator 3 minutes, discard supernatant.
- ⑥ Wash 4x 1ml with wash buffer (6222-28) using 3 min. of magnetic separation.
- ⑦ Wash 2x 1ml with storage buffer (6222-28) again using 3 min. of magnetic separation.
- ⑧ Suspend in 1ml of storage buffer.

T Page No...

Witnessed & Underlined by Mr.

Date

Invented by

Date

Recorded by

M. C. Walker

(5)



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USA

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Telephone:
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+47 73 59 69 95

Enterprise No.:
NO 948 007 029 MVA

Att: Dr. Mike Watkins

Your ref.:

Our ref.:

~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ 21

Direct line:
+4773592815

Trondheim,

~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

MAGNETIC MICROSPHERES

Dear Dr. Watkins,

Please find enclosed 50mg of uncoated magnetic particles with the following specifications:

R-509: 10µm porous, superparamagnetic particles
surface area: 89m²/g
iron content: 17.9% Fe/g particles
(in the form of magnetite Fe₃O₄ and/or maghemite γ-Fe₂O₃)
magnetic susceptibility: 12·10⁻³ cgse

Density < 1.23 g/ml
particles/ml =

$$\text{surface area (smooth)} = \frac{60}{(10)(1.23)} = 4.88 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{mg}}$$

We have several types of coated particles based on these uncoated beads, where the coating both serves as pore filler (→ compact, smooth surface) and as supplier for functional groups for ligand coupling. We can also design new coatings specially for your purpose. Shortly told, we can vary the surface area and the pore sizes, the surface chemistry, the Fe-content (→ the magnetic susceptibility) and the size.

Please use always our particle number R-509 in your further correspondence concerning these particles.

We are looking forward to hear about your experiences with these magnetic beads.

Yours sincerely
SINTEF Applied Chemistry

Ruth Schmid

Ruth Schmid
Senior Research Scientist

(C)

~~171.E Flow Test: (CMV + HSV + RUB) to Single (RUB) assay~~

From Page N -

Purpose: To compare Rubella results in a single vs multiassay (HSV 2, CMV, RUB) format.

Observations

- controls CN 6, CN 8, CN 12, CN 15 + 23 were tested with the Gull assay and found to have the following reactivities:

	<u>HSV</u>	<u>CMV</u>	<u>RUB</u>
CN 6	+	-	+
CN 8	+	-	+
CN 12	-	-	+
CN 15	-	-	+
23	-	+	-

The flow results are consistent with these reactivities.

- standard 5 gave a lower signal than standard 4 in both assay formats
- controls were lower than their reported value of 134.9, 14.4, 0.5 IU/ml for HI positive, low positive and negative controls, respectively.

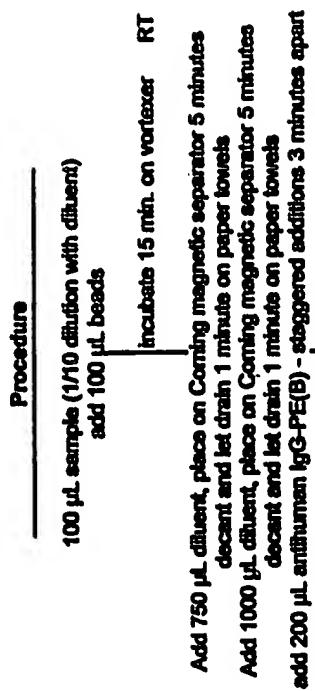
CMV + HSV + RUB Assay

Purpose: To use compare Rubella in single versus multibead assay (i.e. HSV2, CMV and RUB).

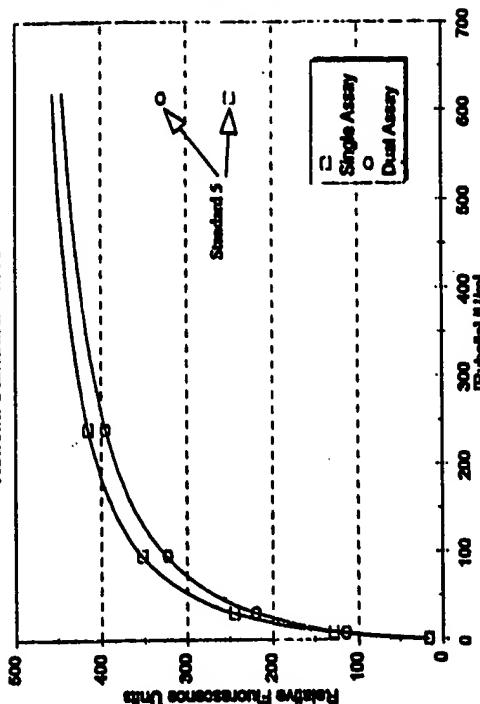
Date: 1-12-95
 Operator: Waddis
 -Re: 442266A-
 Beads: HSV: 6375-024 (1/500), CMV: 6375-023A (1/10)
 RUB: 6375-003A (1/40)
 Bead lot: 6222-28
 anti IgG-
 XE(B)
 Amp:
 Blank:
 Channels: 2048 (log)

Chamson, AQ191E, Lot 168 JDS (1/300)
 Xe G2, empty (Original Byte)
 Flowrate: 50 μ L/min.

RUB Positive Control 23May95
 RUB Negative Control 23May95



Sample	HSV			CMV			RUB			
	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts	[Rub]
RUG 0				623	16	163	0.00			
RUG 1				1080	129	188	7.97			
RUG 2				1223	245	226	30.15			
RUG 3				1304	352	115	85.41			
RUG 4				1341	416	217	240.97			
RUG 5				1226	248	172	31.19			
Hi Pos				1259	288	167	46.79			
Lo Pos				1100	141	188	8.41			
Neg				704	24	268	0.21			
Cn 6				1182	204	209	19.65			
Cn 8				1174	188	189	18.18			
Cn 12				1215	236	229	27.80			
Cn 15				1313	367	199	114.44			
23				875	51	187	1.51			
RUG 0	374	5	741	470	8	652	16	258	0.00	
RUG 1	501	10	631	479	9	447	114	208	7.88	
RUG 2	633	17	511	572	13	453	1189	220	30.55	
RUG 3	741	28	571	698	23	378	1285	323	94.28	
RU 4	805	37	681	785	31	412	1330	396	242.38	
RUG 5	793	35	521	831	68	408	1289	329	100.88	
Hi Pos	634	17	443	785	38	348	1241	285	180	49.94
Lo Pos	457	8	583	578	14	361	1083	130	211	10.11
Neg	363	5	491	700	23	442	702	24	298	0.22
Cn 6	691	14	613	427	7	343	1122	155	213	14.31
Cn 8	613	18	511	414	6	397	1158	161	267	19.69
Cn 12	359	5	535	425	7	365	1219	240	187	38.23
Cn 15	362	5	511	393	6	408	1289	329	178	100.88
23	346	5	516	844	45	348	838	43	246	1.21



(S)
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